MEALS4NCDs Providing: Manaurament, Evolution, Accounted

Assessing Community Readiness



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What I'll talk about

- 1. Why and how we can assess Community Readiness?
- 2. What will we do in the Meals4NCDs project?



Why assess community readiness?

1. There is a need to **improve food environments** in Ghana for children/adolescents to promote healthy, safe diets

2. Community involvement recognised as an **important factor** in the success and sustainability of efforts to promote healthier eating

3. Interventions proposed should **match the stage** of community readiness



What is Community Readiness?

- <u>Community readiness</u>: the degree to which a community is prepared to take action on an issue, accounting for obstacles to change
- Assessing community readiness provides communities with the stage of readiness for developing appropriate interventions that are more likely to be successful and cost effective because it incorporates a *community's culture, resources, and level of readiness*
- Need to match an intervention with community readiness level





5 dimensions of community readiness

6

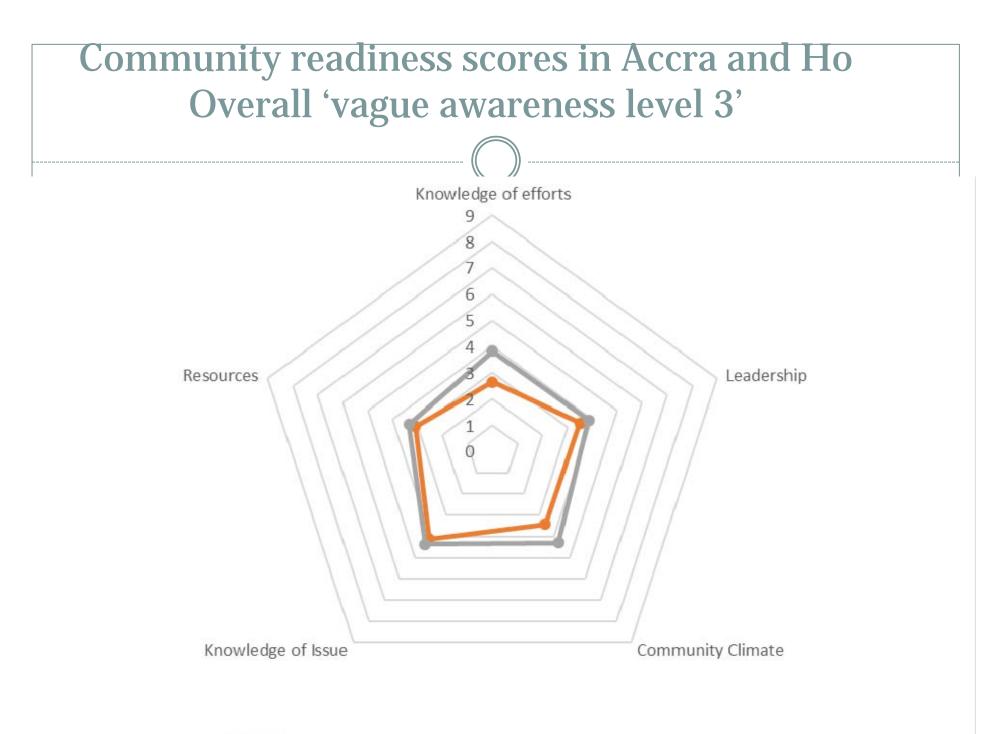
- Community knowledge of the issue
 What is the community's knowledge about the issue?
- Community knowledge of efforts
 - > How much does the community know about the current programmes and activities?
- Community climate
 - > What is the community's attitude toward addressing the issue?

• Leadership

> What is the leadership's attitude towards addressing the issue?

• **Resources**

> What are the resources that are being used or could be used to address the issue? (e.g. people, time, space, money)



Strategies for the 'vague awareness' stage

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Goal: Raise awareness that the community can do something

- Get on the agendas and present information at local community events
- Post flyers, posters, and billboards
- Begin to initiate your events (pot lucks, potlatches, etc.) and use those opportunities to present information on the issue
- Conduct informal local surveys and interviews with community people
- Publish newspaper editorials and articles with local implications.

What can and can't we do by assessing community readiness?

What we can do?

- Help identify resourcesHelp identify obstacles
- Assess how ready the community is with respect to accepting an intervention as something that needs doing
- Identify types of efforts that are appropriate to initiate, depending on stage of readiness

What we can't do?

- •Determine whether an issue is actually occurring in the community
- Make people do what they don't believe in
- Increase readiness levels

Our question in the Meals4NCDs project



How ready is 'the community' to implement actions to improve children's food environments (the healthiness* of food sold and promoted) in and around schools in the Greater Accra region of Ghana?

*healthiness= nutritional quality and safety

Who is the community in our project?

'The community' will be defined by both:

- Geographical community
 > within the Greater Accra region
 - Stakeholder interest community



Individuals within the geographic community, judged to wield influence and/or to play a leadership role



Who will be the Community key informants?

A wide range of sectors will be included:

- Sector 1 (schools) e.g. SHEP coordinator, school head, school feeding programme
- Sector 2 (community chiefs) e.g. queen mother
- Sector 3 (religious leaders)
- Sector 4 (assembly men and women)
- Sector 6 (health) e.g. MoH, GHS
- Sector 6 (commerce) e.g. market queen
- Sector 7 (development agencies/NGOs)
- Sector 8 (youth leaders/clubs)
- Sector 9 (Regulatory authorities), e.g. FDA

The final list will be compiled with inputs from the study team and communities

